

Interoperability & Metadata

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Interoperability

“the ability of two or more systems or components to exchange information and to use the information that has been exchanged (1)”

- **Be able to:**
 - find what you need;
 - access it;
 - understand and employ it;
 - have goods and services responsive to the needs of consumers (2)

(1) IEEE
(2) ISO TC211



Interoperability Enablers

- Infrastructure
 - Compatible Technology
- Authorization
- Copyright
- Business Agreements
 - MOUs
- Business Model
 - Pricing/commerce
- **Standards**
- Security
 - Privacy
- Information Assurance
 - Certification
 - Quality
- **Metadata**



Metadata

- **Data about Data**
- **Documentation that describes information (data) so it can be understood**
- **Insures we find and use the right data for the right purpose**
 - That it is used correctly

Paper Maps

- Identification
- Symbols
- Date
- Sources
- Producer
- Navigation notices
- Accuracy
- Reference system
- Title
- Scale
- Location

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- Originator
- Date
- Location
- Altitude
- Obliqueness
- Identifiers
- Time
- Focal length

Aerial Photos

ESRI



Metadata Environments

A
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Environment

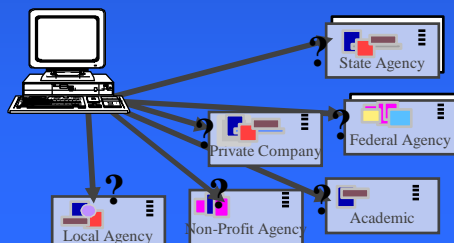
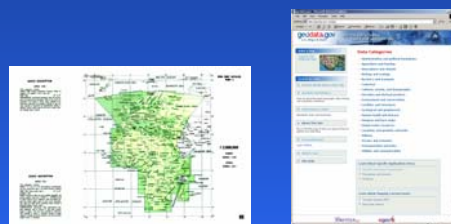
	Catalog	Processing Support	Historical Record	Understand Data
Locate	X		X	X
Evaluate	X		X	X
Extract	X	X		
Employ		X		X



Catalog Environment

Locate Evaluate Extract

- Product Catalog
 - Printed
 - On-line
- Portals
- Clearinghouse
 - Searching
 - Browsing
- Data Warehouse
 - Management





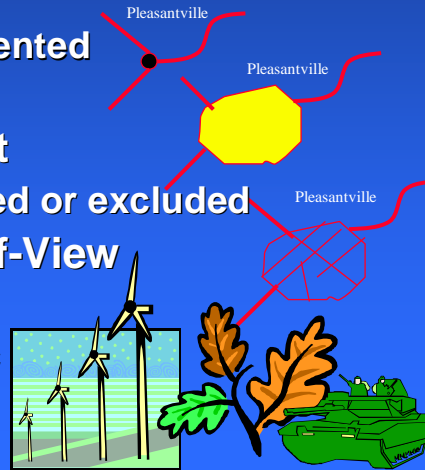
User Environment

Locate

Evaluate

Employ

- Understand the Model
 - How features are represented
 - Connectivity
- Understand the Content
 - Why features are included or excluded
- Understand the Point-of-View
 - Business/Commercial
 - Environmental/Scientific
 - Military/Defense/Intel



Processing Environment

Extract

Employ

- Support user Decisions
 - Identify multiple datasets within an application
 - Know the good and bad areas
 - Merging data (which is the better data?)
 - Currentness
 - Quality
- Support Computer Processing
 - Application software functions
 - Capabilities, access
 - Guide software through the data





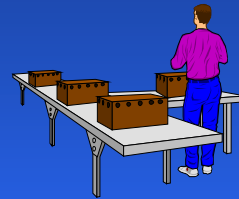
Historical records

Locate

Evaluate

- **Production Management**

- Planning - setting priorities
- Coordinating production
- Storage/Archival



- **Legal Records**

- Proper use
- Document assumptions



Metadata perspectives

- **Why is metadata more important now?**

- Expansion in the use of Geographic Information
 - Proliferation of data
 - Non-geographers using geospatial data
 - The producer is not the user
- Geospatial data is imperfect
 - A model, a “point of view”
 - Assumptions, limitations, approximations, simplifications
- Geospatial data is expensive
 - Reuse
 - Data management

- **Why should it be standardized?**

- Provide an understanding of data – around the Globe and across information communities



ISO 19115:2003

INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD

ISO
19115

First edition
2003-05-01

Geographic information — Metadata

Information géographique — Métadonnées



Reference number
ISO 19115:2003(E)

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ISO 19115:2003 Scope

- ...the **schema** required for **describing** geographic information and services.
- ...**information** about the identification, the extent, the quality, the spatial and temporal schema, spatial reference, and distribution of **digital geographic data**.
- ...**applicable** to the **cataloguing** of datasets, **clearinghouse** activities, and the **full description** of datasets for a **wide range of geographic applications**.
- ...**applicable** to geographic **datasets**, dataset **series**, and **individual geographic features** and **attributes**
- ...**may be used** for other forms of geographic data such as **map, charts, textual documents**



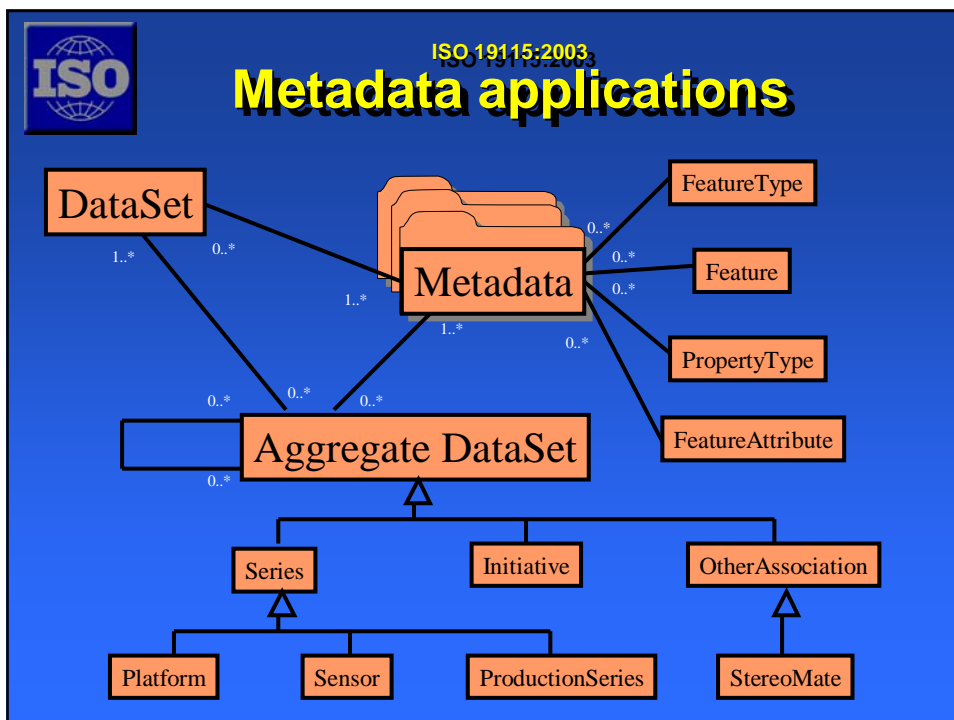
19115:2003 Geographic Information – Metadata

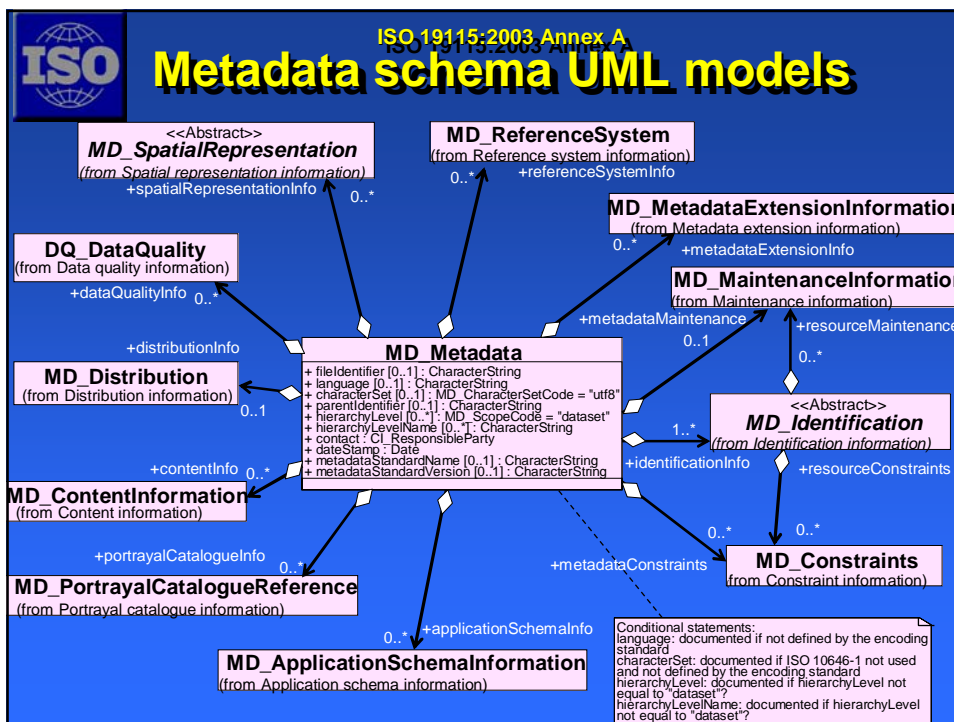
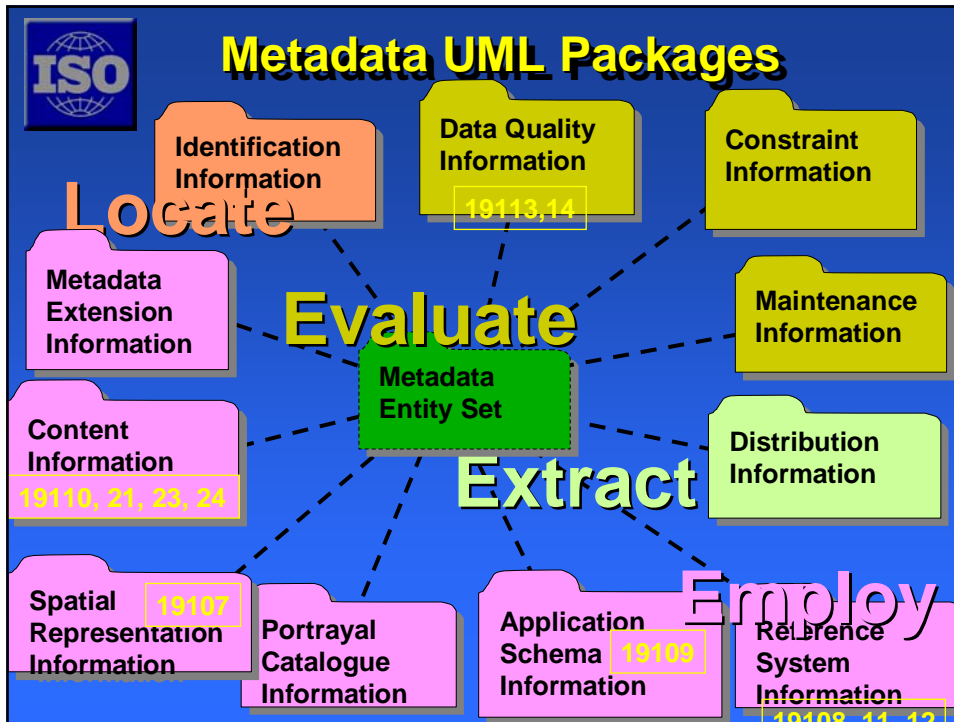
1. Provides **data producers** with appropriate information to characterize their geographic data properly.

- Provides an idea of the metadata they should be collecting

2. **Users** will be better able to locate, access, evaluate, purchase and utilize geographic data.

Semantic Interoperability







ISO 19115:2003 Annex B Metadata data dictionary

	Name/Role Name	Short Name	Definition	Obligation/Condition	Maximum occurrence	Data type	Domain
29	MD_Identifier	ident	basic information required to uniquely identify a resource	Use obligation from referencing object	Use maximum occurrence for referencing object	Aggregated Class (MD_Metadata) <<Abstract>>	Lines 30-41
30	citation	idCitation	citation data for the resource	M	1	Class	CI_Citation <<DataType>> (B3.2)
31	abstract	idAbs	brief narrative summary	M	1	CharacterString	Free text
32	purpose	idPurp	summary of the intentions with which the resource was developed	O	1	CharacterString	Free text
33	credit	idCredit	recognition of those who contributed to the resource	O	1	CharacterString	Free text
34	statusCode	idStatCode	status of resource	O	N	Class	MD_Progress Code <<CodeList>> (B.6.26)



Recommended core metadata for geographic datasets

- ➔ Dataset title
- ➔ Dataset reference date
- ➔ Dataset responsible party
- ➔ Geographic location of the dataset (by four coordinates or by geographic identifiers)
- ➔ Dataset language
- ➔ Dataset character set
- ➔ Dataset topic category
- Spatial Resolution
- ➔ Abstract describing the dataset
- Distribution format

- Additional extent information (vertical and temporal)
- Spatial representation type
- Reference system
- Lineage statement
- On-line resource
- Metadata file identifier
- Metadata standard name
- Metadata standard version
- ➔ Metadata language
- ➔ Metadata character set
- ➔ Metadata point of contact
- ➔ Metadata time stamp

➔ Mandatory



New Metadata Work Items

- ISO/TS 19139 *Geographic Information – Metadata – XML Schema Specification*
- ISO 19115-2 *Geographic Information – Metadata – Part 2 Extensions for Imagery and Gridded Data*



ISO 19139

Geographic Information - Metadata XML Schema Implementation

- Defines **g**eographic **m**etadata (**gmd**) XML encoding
 - an XML Schema implementation derived from ISO 19115- Geographic information – Metadata
- XML Schema
 - More rigorous validation of compliance
 - More exact representation of UML
- Based on Comprehensive Profile ISO 19115
- Separate from ISO 19115
 - More easily evolve with changes in technology
 - Quickly establish implementation of ISO 19115

Technical Interoperability



ISO 19139 Specification

- Uses ISO 19115 UML to produce ISO 19139 XML Schema
- Identification of additional 19100 entities
 - 19103, 7, 8, 9, 18
- gmd XML encoding rules
- Other (19100) encoding rules
 - gmd – XML Schema of ISO 19115
 - gss – ISO 19107 Spatial Schema realized by ISO 19136 GML
 - gts – ISO 19108 Temporal XML Schema
 - gsr – ISO 19111 Spatial Referencing realized by ISO 19136 GML
 - gco – ISO 19118 Encoding – basic types realized by XML Schema and GML example: gml UOM dictionaries
 - gmx – extended geographic metadata XML schemas for codelists, etc
- Clauses defining
 - Cultural and linguistic support
 - multiple languages, etc
 - Metadata for transfer
 - Dataset and Aggregate dataset metadata
 - Codelists
- Implementation examples
- **gmdXML (XML schema) provided on-line**
 - http://www.iso.org/iso/en/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO_19139_Schemas



ISO 19139 Schedule

- Working Draft2: 2003-09
- Working Draft3: 2004-03
- **Preliminary Draft TS: 2004-06**
- Draft TS: 2005-04
- Technical Specification: 2005-06

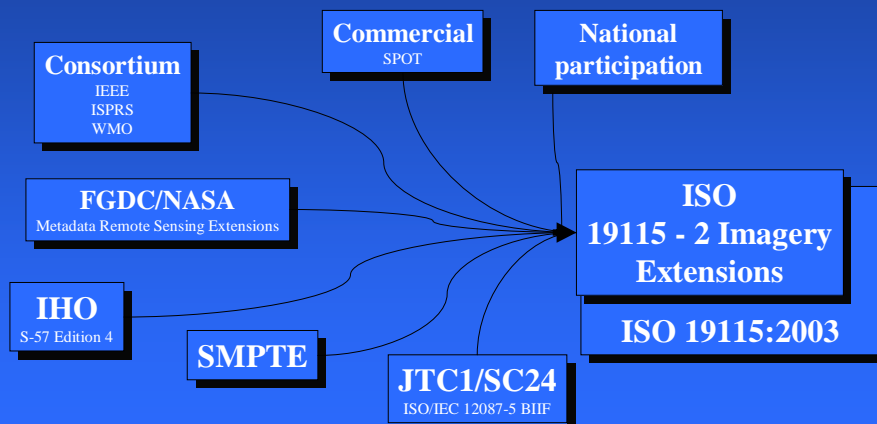


ISO 19115-2 Geographic Information – Metadata – Part 2 Extensions for Imagery and Gridded Data

- “This International Standard **extends ISO 19115:2003** Geographic information — Metadata by defining the schema and additional metadata required for **imagery and gridded data**”
- Metadata to support the whole lifecycle of:
 - Georeferenceable Imagery
 - Gridded data (raster, matrix, TIN, etc.)
 - Georeferenceable Motion imagery



Liaison Organizations and Related Work

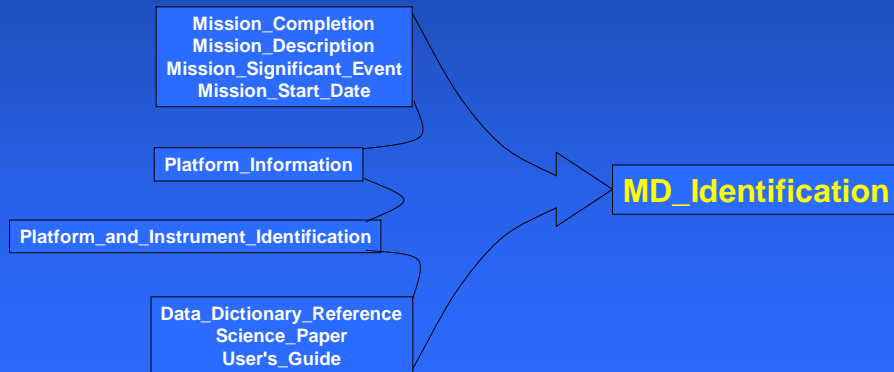


Please join in



Proposed Extensions Identification Information

New Imagery Elements and Existing Classes



ISO 19115-2 Schedule

- Working Draft: 2003-09
- **Working Draft2:** **2004-09**
- Committee Draft: 2005-05
- Draft International Standard: 2005-09
- Final DIS: 2006-05
- IS: 2006-08



Summary ISO Metadata

- Metadata – a key factor enabling interoperability
- Essential for all aspects of spatial data handling
 - Locate
 - Evaluate
 - Extract
 - Employ
- ISO 19115:2003
- Designed:
 - to support geographic information;
 - to work with wider information technology standards and practices;
 - to serve the global community, in a multi-national, multi-language environment;
 - based on a foundation of national, regional, and special information community standards and experiences
 - Developed through a rigorous, consensus ISO process
- Metadata in the ISO 19115 standard
 - Provides a common understanding
 - Expanded networks
 - Global Interoperability
 - Semantic interoperability
- ISO TC 211 is taking the next steps
 - Expanding for imagery
 - Implementation specification
 - Technical interoperability

Thank you

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